

Component Specification NFQ Level 6

Electronics 6N5374

1. Component Details

Title	Electronics	
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Award Type	Minor	
Code	6N5374	
Level	6	
Credit Value	15	
Purpose	The purpose of this award is to equip the learner with the knowledge, skill and competence to design and build complex electronic circuits.	
Learning Outcomes	Learners will be able to:	
	1 Describe the atomic structure of semiconductors, to include diodes and transistors	
	2 Research how semiconductors are manufactured	
	3 Define gain, attenuation, decibel, bandwidth, input and output impedances	
	4 Describe the operation of common emitter (CE) and common source (CS) amplifier circuits	
	5 Sketch typical response curves for an amplifier to include identifying reasons for the fall in gain at low and high frequencies	
	6 Assess the mean output voltage and ripple amplitude for a rectifier	

- 7 Evaluate the feedback factor to include calculating the gain of an amplifier having a negative feedback loop with a feedback factor
- 8 Assess the characteristics of operational amplifiers (op-amps) to include detailing the assumptions made in op-amp analysis
- 9 Appraise the parameters hfe and hie and the relationship between them
- 10 Define bandwidth in terms of the frequency response curve
- 11 Analyse the direct current (DC) and alternating current (AC) conditions of CE and CS amplifiers
- 12 Compare the operating parameters of the field effect transistor (FET) and the bipolar transistor
- 13 Illustrate the circuit for a range of amplifier circuits to include an inverting amplifier, a non-inverting amplifier, an integrator, a summing amplifier and a comparator
- 14 Use an oscilloscope to measure voltages, display waveforms and to measure the period and frequency of a repeating waveform
- 15 Use a multimeter to measure resistance, AC and DC voltages and currents to include checking for faulty diodes, transistors, capacitors and joints
- 16 Calculate inputs and outputs for a range of operational amplifier types
- 17 Use a virtual instrument as an oscilloscope
- 18 Construct amplifiers from design to operation at certain frequencies and gains
- 19 Construct power supplies from design to operation.

Assessment

General Information

All assessment should be planned in accordance with the programme assessment strategy developed as part of the programme submission for validation. See **Policies and Criteria for Validation of Programmes.** Assessment should be undertaken consistently and reflect current assessment guidelines. See <u>www.qqi.ie.</u>

	All FET assessment is criterion achievement of the award is bas required standards of knowledge with the minimum intended pre	sed on learners attaining the e, skill or competence consistent
	The techniques set out below ar approach to assessment for this circumstances providers may id- techniques through the provider validation which are reliable and appropriate to their context.	component. In exceptional entify alternative assessment 's application for programme
	Assessment of a number of com across programmes for delivery outcomes of each minor award a	, provided that the learning
	Group or team work may form p each learner's achievement is se	art of the assessment, provided eparately assessed.
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Assessment Techniques	In order to demonstrate that the knowledge, skill and competenc outcomes, learners are required below.	
	The assessor is responsible for instruments (e.g. project and as papers), assessment criteria and the techniques identified below a requirements.	signment briefs, examination d mark sheets, consistent with
	Programme validation will require outcome to its associated assess outcomes must be assessed and the minimum intended module the validated programme.	nd achieved in accordance with
	Assignment	60%
	Examination - Theory	40%

Description

Assignment

An assignment is an exercise carried out in response to a brief with specific guidelines as to what should be included. An assignment is usually of short duration and may be carried out over a specified period of time.

Examination - Theory

An examination provides a means of assessing a learner's ability to recall and apply knowledge, skills and understanding within a set period of time and under clearly specified conditions.

A theory-based examination assesses the ability to recall, apply and understand specific theory and knowledge.

Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)	To support the development and implementation of RPL with regard to access, granting credit/exemptions and achievement of awards/parts of awards, providers should refer to QQI's Statutory Guidelines for Quality Assurance , the Policies and Criteria for Validation of Programmes and the Principles and Operational Guidelines for the Recognition of Prior Learning in Further and Higher Education and Training available at <u>www.qqi.ie</u>	
Grading	Pass	50% - 64%
	Merit	65% - 79%
	Distinction	80% - 100%
Specific Validation	There are no spe	ecific validation requirements
Requirements		
Supporting Documentation	None	
Access	To access programmes leading to this award the learner should have reached the standards of knowledge, skill and competence associated with the preceding level of the National Framework of Qualifications. This may have been achieved through a formal qualification or through relevant life and work experience.	
Transfer	Successful completion of this component award enables the learner to transfer to programmes leading to other certificates where this component is a mandatory or an elective requirement.	

2. FET Award Standards

QQI award standards are determined within the National Framework of Qualifications (NFQ), <u>http://www.nfq-qqi.com</u>. QQI determines standards for the education and training awards that it

makes itself and that are made by providers to whom it has delegated authority to make an award. Providers offering programmes leading to QQI awards **must** have their programme(s) validated in accordance with current validation policy (see <u>www.qqi.ie</u>).

Award standards are designed to be consistent with the NFQ's award classes i.e. major, special purpose, supplemental and minor awards. They are expressed in terms of **learning outcomes** i.e. concise statements of what the learner is expected to know or be able to do in order to achieve a particular award. Learning outcomes for FET awards are contained within the associated specifications:

AWARD CLASS	STANDARDS	AWARDS
Major Award	Certificate Specification	Certificate (Levels 1 to 5) Advanced Certificate (Level 6)
Supplemental Award	Supplemental Specification	Supplemental Certificate (Level 3 to 6)
Special Purpose	Specific Purpose Specification	Specific Purpose Certificate (Levels 3 to 6)
Minor Award	Component Specification	Component Certificate (Levels 1 to 6)

Award standards are thresholds, they describe standards of knowledge, skill or competence to be acquired, and where appropriate, demonstrated, by a learner before an award may be made.

Award standards will be reviewed from time to time as necessary. Minor changes may be made by the QQI executive outside the review cycle where necessary. Changes to standards are published on QQI's website. Providers with validated programmes and providers with delegated authority to make awards are responsible for monitoring relevant standards and making necessary responses to changes.

3. FET Credit

Every FET certificate and component specification includes an FET credit value (Table 1). FET credit is quantified in multiples of 5 FET credits (up to 50 hours of learner effort). Learner effort is based on the time taken by typical learners at the level of the award to achieve the learning outcomes for the award. It includes all learning time involved including: guided learning hours, self-directed learning and assessment.

Table 1: FET Credit Values

NFQ Level	Major Awards Credit Values	Default Credit Values Minor Awards	Other Permitted Minor Award Credit Values	Special Purpose and Supplemental Award Credit Value Ranges
1	20	5	10	
2	30	5	10	
3	60	10	5,20	>5 and<60
4	90	10	5,15,20	>5 and<90
5	120	15	5,10,30	>5 and <120
6	120	15	5,10,30	>5 and <120

Guide to Level

Learning outcomes at this level include a comprehensive range of skills which may be vocationally-specific and/or of a general supervisory nature, and require detailed theoretical understanding. The outcomes also provide for a particular focus on learning skills. The outcomes relate to working in a generally autonomous way to assume design and/or management and/or administrative responsibilities. Occupations at this level would include higher craft, junior technician and supervisor.

Strand	Sub-strand	Nature of learning
Knowledge	Breadth	Specialised knowledge of a broad area
	Kind	Some theoretical concepts and abstract thinking, with significant depth in some areas
Know How & Skill	Range	Demonstrate a comprehensive range of specialised skills and tools
	Selectivity	Formulate responses to well defined abstract problems
Competence	Context	Utilise diagnostic and creative skills in a range of functions in a wide variety of contexts
	Role	Exercise substantial personal autonomy and often take responsibility for the work of others and/or for the allocation of resources; form and function within, multiple and complex heterogeneous groups.
	Learning to Learn	Learn to take responsibility for own learning within a managed environment.
	Insight	Express an internalised, personal world view, reflecting engagement with others.

Extract from 'Determinations for the Outline National Framework of Qualifications': NQAI